

Super SPaG - Friday

Super SPaG

Pronouns

What are pronouns and why do we use them?

List 10 pronouns!

Super SPaG

Pronouns

Pronouns replace the noun to avoid repetition!

There are two types of pronouns.

Super SPaG

Pronouns

Doing the action!

I, you, he, she, it, we, they

Having the action done to it!

me, you, him, her, it, us, them

9. Read the passage below. Tick the pair of **pronouns** which best completes the sentence.

My brother and I love ice-skating and  both have a pair of skates.  are much better than the skates you hire from the ice-rink.

us / We ☐

me / It ☐

we / They ☐

me / Them ☐

11. Circle all the **pronouns** in the sentence below.

They bought new jumpers for themselves and a warm scarf for Dad.

1 mark

24. Write a **pronoun** in the box below to **replace** the **underlined word** in the sentence:

When Dave arrives at work, the first thing Dave does is make a cup of tea.

Super SPaG - Friday

Super SPaG

Possessive

Pronouns

What are possessive pronouns and why do we use them?

List as many as you can.

Super SPaG

Possessive

Pronouns

Possessive pronouns show BELONGING!

mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs

Super SPaG

46. Complete the sentence below with a possessive pronoun.

They are _____.

1 mark

48. Fill in the gap in each sentence with the correct possessive pronoun.

That jacket belongs to Adam. That jacket is _____.

This car is owned by my family. This car is _____.

These lip balms belong to those girls. These lip balms are _____.

Super SPaG

Relative

Pronouns

What are relative pronouns and why do we use them?

List as many as you can.

Super SPaG - Friday

Super SPaG

Relative Pronouns

Relative pronouns point
back to something.

**which, who, that, where,
whom**

Super SPaG

3. Circle the relative pronoun in this sentence.

This is the girl who helps out at the weekends.

10. Circle the relative pronoun in the sentence below.

It's too rainy for the picnic today, which is a shame.

Super SPaG

17

Put a tick in each row to show the type of pronoun underlined in each sentence.

Sentence	Personal pronoun	Relative pronoun	Possessive pronoun
Kim had lost her pencil but I had <u>mine</u> .			
When our class went to the museum, <u>we</u> learnt a lot.			
This is the boy <u>who</u> plays football.			

1 mark